FAQ on Cash Receipt of Rs.2 Lakh or More w.e.f 01.04.2017 (Section 269ST)

Sr.	Questions	Answers
no.		
1)	From which date this section is applicable?	This section applies from 01/04/2017 (F.Y.2017-18 onwards)
2)	What are the provisions of	Finance Bill 2017 proposed to insert section 269ST in
	Section 269ST?	the Income Tax Act to provide that
		no person shall receive an amount of Two lakh
		rupees or more,—
		(a) in aggregate from a person in a day;
		(b) in respect of a single transaction; or
		(c) in respect of transactions relating to
		one event or occasion from a person,
		other-wise than by an account payee cheque or account payee bank draft or use of electronic
		clearing system through a bank account.
3)	FXAMPLES OF TRANSAC	CTIONS COVERED IN (a), (b) & (c) above
<i>J</i>	(a) in aggregate from a person in	E.g. if a person receives Rs.2.25 lakhs in cash for 2
	a day	different bills of Rs.1 lakh and 1.25 lakh, then also
		penalty is levied
	(b) in respect of single	E.g. if there is single bill of Rs.3.10 Lakh and cash is
	transaction	received on different days of Rs.1.6 lakh and
		Rs.1.5 lakh, then also penalty is levied.
	(c) in respect	E.g. if marriage is one occasion and a person
	of transactions relating to	receives amount of Rs.3,00,000/ Thus penalty is
	one event or occasion from a	levied of 100% of amount received.
	person	
	(d) withdrawal of amount from own bank account	E.g. if a person withdraws in a day amount of Rs.2 lakhs or above, then penalty is levied.
4)	To whom does Section 269 ST	To any person receiving cash above Rs.2 lakh.
	applies?	7.
5)	For which transactions is Section	Restriction on cash receipt of Rs.2 Lakh or more w.e.f
	269ST not applicable ?	01.04.2017 shall not apply to
		 Government, any banking company, post office savings bank or co-operative bank.
		 Transactions of the nature referred to in
		section 269SS;
		 Such other persons or class of persons or
		receipts, as may be specified by the
		Central Government by notification in the
		Official Gazette.
6)	Whether penalty is applicable for regular receipts only?	Any type of amount of Rs.2 Lakh or above received in cash whether capital or revenue in nature.
7)	Whether exempt income is	Both taxable and exempt incomes are covered in
	covered under Section 269ST?	Section 269ST.
8)	If the amount is received for	Irrespective of purpose of accepting amount i.e.,
	personal purpose, whether	whether business purpose or personal purpose
	269ST is applicable?	or as a trustee, custodian etc. section 269ST is
0)	What is the Penalty for	applicable. 100% penalty on receiver of amount.
9)	What is the Penalty for Contravention of Section 269ST?	100% penalty on receiver or amount.